

Models SLS, SLS-L and SLF

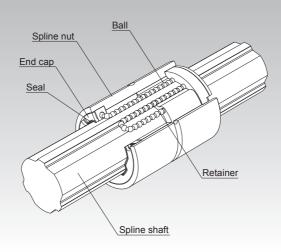


Fig.1 Structure of High Torque Caged Ball Spline

A 3-6
△3-123
△3-126
△3-128
△3-129
A24-1
B 3-31
A3-17
△3-27
△3-30
A3-35
A3-121

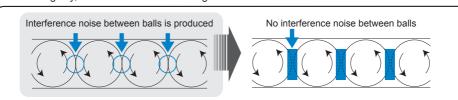
Structure and Features

The caged-ball technology, developed by bringing together THK's technologies and know-how, is now integrated in the new Ball Spline.

The integration of the ball cage enables the circulating motion of evenly spaced balls and highspeed response to be achieved.

It eliminates collision and mutual friction between balls, and realizes low noise, pleasant running sound and low particle generation. As the grease retention is increased, long-term maintenance-free operation is also achieved.

The high-torque design provides the nut with excellent torsional rigidity. The spline shaft also has enhanced rigidity, thanks to its rounded design.

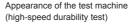


[High-speed Response]

Models SLS/SLF adopt the caged-ball technology to enable the circulating motion of evenly spaced balls to be maintained and high-speed response to be achieved, the cycle time of the machine can be improved.

[Conditions]

Model tested	SLS50		
Testing environment	22 to 27.5℃		
Stroke	1000mm		
Maximum speed	200m/min		
Acceleration/deceleration	5G(49m/s²)		
Applied load	Light preload(CL)		
Lubricant	THK AFB-LF Grease		





Appearance of the specimen



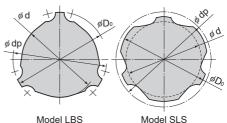
[Test results]

No anomaly after travelling 10.000 km

[Improvement on the spline shaft's rigidity]

Redesigning the shape of the conventional high torque type spline shaft to be more circular significantly improves its torsion and flexural rigidity.

Nominal shaft diameter 25	LBS	SLS
Minor diameter φ d	19.5	21.6
Major diameter φ D ₀	24.5	25.0
Ball center-to-center diameter φ dp	25	25.2



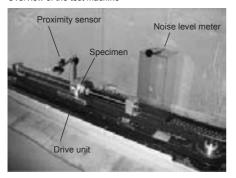
[Low Noise, Pleasant Running Sound and Low Particle Generation]

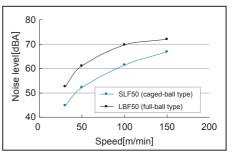
Models SLS/SLF adopt the caged-ball technology, they eliminate collision and mutual friction between balls, and realize low noise, pleasant running sound and low particle generation.

[Conditions]

Model tested	SLF50/LBF50		
Stroke	600mm		
Speeds	30,50,100,150m/min		
Measuring instrument	Noise level meter		

Overview of the test machine

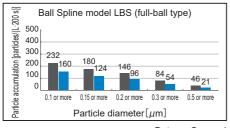




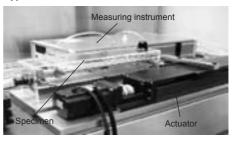
Noise level comparison

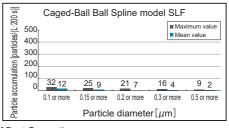
[Conditions]

Model tested	SLF50CL+350LP/ LBS50CL+350LP			
Maximum speed	30 m/min			
Acceleration	2.84 m/s ²			
Stroke	200 mm			
Amount of air supplied	1 L/200 s			
Lubricant	THK AFE-CA Grease			
Equipment using the product	Particle counter			



Appearance of the test machine





Data on Comparison of Dust Generation

[Long-term Maintenance-free Operation]

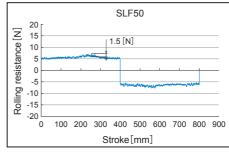
Models SLS/SLF adopt the caged-ball technology to substantially increase the grease retention, thus achieving long-term maintenance-free operation.

[Smooth Motion (Small Rolling Fluctuation)]

Models SLS/SLF adopt the caged-ball technology and a new circulation method, thus achieving stable and smooth motion with small rolling fluctuation.

[Conditions]

Model tested	SLF50		
Speed	10 mm/s		
Applied load	Medium preload(CM)		
Lubricant	THK AFB-LF Grease		



Rolling resistance test

Types and Features

[Types of Spline Nuts]

Cylindrical Type Ball Spline Model SLS (Medium Load Type)

The circumference of the spline nut is shaped in a straight cylinder.

Using a key, this model can be secured to the housing, or transmit a torque.



Specification Table⇒A3-44

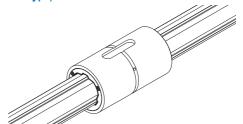
Specification Table⇒A3-44

Specification Table⇒A3-46

Cylindrical Type Ball Spline Model SLS-L (Heavy Load Type)

A heavy-load type with the same outer diameter as model SLS and a longer spline nut.

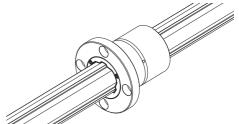
It is optimal in cases where a large torque is applied in a small space, and in cases where an overhang load or moment is applied.



Flanged Type Ball Spline Model SLF

The housing can be secured with bolts on models equipped with a flange.

This model is easily assembled and can accommodate a shorter housing compared to models with housing secured by a key.



[Types of Spline Shafts]

Precision Solid Spline Shaft (Standard Type)

The spline shaft is cold-drawn and its raceway is precision ground. It is used in combination with a spline nut.



Special Spline Shaft

THK manufactures a spline shaft with thicker ends or thicker middle area through special processing at your request.



Hollow Spline Shaft (Type K)

A drawn, hollow spline shaft is available for requirements such as piping, wiring, air-vent and weight reduction.



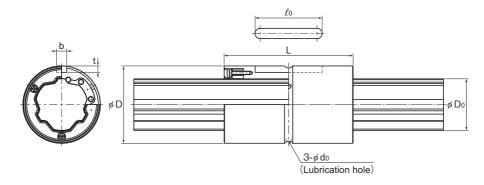
Housing Inner-diameter Tolerance

When fi tting the spline nut to the housing, transition fi t is normally recommended. If the accuracy of the Ball Spline does not need to be very high, clearance fi tting is also acceptable.

Table1 Housing Inner-diameter Tolerance

Housing Inner-diameter	General conditions	H7
Tolerance	When clearance needs to be small	J6

Model SLS



		Spline nut dimensions								
Model No.	Outer	diameter	Le	Length		way dimens	Lubrication hole			
	D T		L	Tolerance	b H8	t +0.1 0	lo	d₀		
SLS25 SLS25L	37	0	60 70		5	3	33	2		
SLS30 SLS30L	45	-0.016	70 80		7	4	41	3		
SLS40 SLS40L	60	0 -0.019	90 100	0	10	4.5	55	3		
SLS50 SLS50L	75		-0.019	100 112	-0.3	15	5	60	4	
SLS60 SLS60L	90		127 140		18	6	68	4		
SLS70 SLS70L	100	0 -0.022	110 135		18	6	68	4		
SLS80 SLS80L	120		140 155	0	20	7	80	5		
SLS100 SLS100L	140	0 -0.025	160 185	-0.4	28	9	93	5		

Model number coding



Model No. Symbol for clearance in the rotational direction (*2)

Symbol for standard hollow spline shaft (*4)
Accuracy symbol (*3)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Contamination protection} & \text{Overall spline shaft length (*5)} \\ \text{accessory symbol (*1)} & \text{(in mm)} \end{array}$

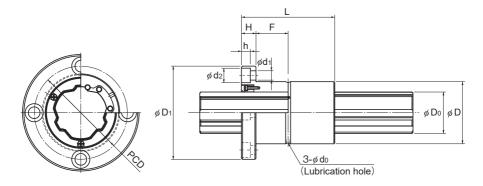
Number of spline nuts on one shaft (no symbol for one nut)

(*1)See A3-126. (*2) See A3-30. (*3) See A3-35. (*4) See A3-48. (*5) See A3-121.

MA1 MA2

							Offic. Hill	
Basic tord	que rating		rmissible nent	Mass				
C _⊤ N·m	С₀т N·m	C kN	C₀ kN	M _{A1} N∙m	M _{A2} N∙m	Spline Nut kg	Spline shaft kg/m	
219.9 261.9	306.8 394.5	18.2 21.7	22.5 29	136 220	851 1203	0.15 0.18	3.51	
366.5 416.4	513.3 616	25.4 28.9	31.5 37.8	233 330	1341 1803	0.3 0.34	5.05	
818.9 890	1135.4 1277.3	42.8 46.5	52.5 59.1	520 652	2801 3529	0.69 0.79	9.18	
1373.4 1571.2	1783.1 2165.2	57.6 65.9	66.2 80.4	687 996	4156 5349	1.3 1.47	14.45	
2506.7 2723.2	3321 3736.2	87.8 95.3	103 115.8	1452 1820	7733 9570	2.25 2.5	21.23	
2986.3 3708.4	3474.7 4738.2	89.7 111.4	92.5 126.1	1038 1867	6392 10135	2.13 2.71	28.57	
4664.6 5195.3	5477.4 6390.4	122.8 136.8	127.7 148.9	1739 2327	11482 14491	4.22 4.77	37.49	
8922.3 10424.4	10211.6 12764.6	188.2 219.8	190.7 238.4	3155 4816	19118 26463	5.2 6.22	58.97	

Model SLF



Spline nut dimensions										
Model No.	Outer	diameter	L	Length		Flange diameter			Lubrication hole	
	D	Tolerance	L	Tolerance	D ₁	Tolerance	Н	F	d₀	PCD
SLF25	37	0	60	0 -0.3	60		9	21	2	47
SLF30	45	-0.016	70		70	0 -0.2	10	25	3	54
SLF40	60		90		90		14	31	3	72
SLF50	75	0 -0.019	100		113		16	34	4	91
SLF60	90		127		129	0	18	45.5	4	107
SLF70	100	0	110		142	-0.3	20	35	4	117
SLF80	120	-0.022	140	0	168		22	48	5	138
SLF100	140	0 -0.025	160	-0.4	195	0 -0.4	25	55	5	162

Model number coding

2 SLF50 UU CL +700L P K

Model No.

Symbol for clearance in the rotational direction

Symbol for standard hollow spline shaft (*4)

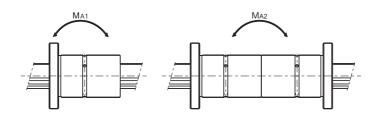
Accuracy symbol (*3)

Contamination protection Overall spline shaft length (*5) accessory symbol (*1) (in mm)

Number of spline nuts on one shaft (no symbol for one nut)

(*1) See A3-126. (*2) See A3-30. (*3) See A3-35. (*4) See A3-48. (*5) See A3-121.





	Office than									
		Basic torque rating		Basic load rating		Static permissible moment		Mass		
	Mounting hole									
	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	C⊤ N·m	С₀т N·m	C kN	C₀ kN	M _{A1} N·m	M _{A2} N·m	Spline Nut kg	Spline shaft kg/m	
	5.5×9.5×5.4	219.9	306.8	18.2	22.5	136	851	0.26	3.51	
	6.6×11×6.5	366.5	513.3	25.4	31.5	233	1341	0.45	5.05	
	9×14×8.6	818.9	1135.4	42.8	52.5	520	2801	1.06	9.18	
	11×17.5×11	1373.4	1783.1	57.6	66.2	687	4156	1.9	14.45	
	11×17.5×11	2506.7	3321	87.8	103	1452	7733	3.08	21.23	
	14×20×13	2986.3	3474.7	89.7	92.5	1038	6392	3.25	28.57	
	16×23×15.2	4664.6	5477.4	122.8	127.7	1739	11482	5.82	37.49	
	18×26×17.5	8922.3	10211.6	188.2	190.7	3155	19118	7.66	58.97	

Spline Shaft

Spline shafts are divided in shape into precision solid spline shaft, special spline shaft and hollow spline shaft (type K), as described on **A3-43**.

Since production of a spline shaft with a specific shape is performed at your request, provide a drawing of the desired shaft shape when asking an estimate or placing an order.

[Sectional Shape of the Spline Shaft]

Table2 shows the sectional shape of a spline-shaft. If the spline shaft ends need to be cylindrical, the minor diameter (ϕ d) value should not be exceeded if possible.

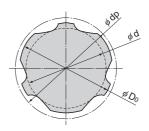


Table2 Sectional Shape of the Spline Shaft

Unit: mm

Nominal shaft diameter	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Minor diameter φ d	21.6	25.8	35.2	44.4	54	62.8	71.3	90
Major diameter φ D₀ h7	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Ball center-to-center diameter ϕ dp	25.2	30.2	40.6	50.6	61	71	80.8	101.2
Mass(kg/m)	3.51	5.05	9.18	14.45	21.23	28.57	37.49	58.97

^{*}The minor diameter ϕ d must be a value at which no groove is left after machining.

[Hole Shape of the Standard Hollow Type Spline Shaft]

Table3 shows the hole shape of the standard hollow type spline shaft. Use this table when a requirement such as piping, wiring, air-vent or weight reduction needs to be met.

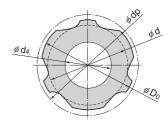


Table3 Sectional Shape of the Standard Hollow Type Spline Shaft

Unit: mm

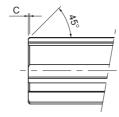
Nominal shaft diameter	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Minor diameter φ d	21.6	25.8	35.2	44.4	54	62.8	71.3	90
Major diameter φ D₀ h7	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Ball center-to-center diameter ∅ dp	25.2	30.2	40.6	50.6	61	71	80.8	101.2
Hole diameter(12	16	22	25	32	_	52.5	67.5
Mass(kg/m)	2.62	3.47	6.19	10.59	14.9	_	20.48	30.85

^{*}The minor diameter ϕ d must be a value at which no groove is left after machining.

[Chamfering of the Spline Shaft Ends]

To facilitate the insertion of the spline shaft into a spline nut, the shaft ends are normally chamfered with the dimensions indicated below unless otherwise specified.

The ends are chamfered whether they are used, such as with stepped, tapped, or drilled ends, or not used, such as with cantilevered supports.



SLS25 to 100

Table 4 Chamfer Dimensions of Spline Shaft Ends

Unit: mm

Nominal shaft diameter	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Chamfer C	0.5	0.5	1	1	2	2	2	2

[Length of the Incomplete Area of a Special Spline Shaft]

If any part of the spline shaft is thicker than the minor diameter (ϕd) , an area with incomplete splines is required to secure a recess for grinding. The relationship between the flange diameter (ϕdf) and the length of incomplete splines (S) is shown in Table 5.

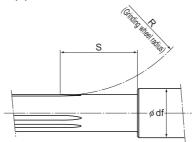


Table 5 Length of Incomplete Spline Area: S

Flange diameter $_{\phi}$ df Nominal shaft	25	30	35	40	50	60	80	100	120	140	160
diameter											
25	41	54	63	72	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
30	_	44	56	65	80	_	_	_	_	_	_
40	_	_	_	46	66	81	104	_	_	_	_
50	_	_	_	_	48	69	94	114	_	_	_
60	_	_	_	_	_	49	83	105	123	_	_
70	_	_	_		_	_	70	96	116	131	
80	_	_	_	_	_	_	55	86	108	125	_
100	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	58	88	109	126

Accessories

Ball Spline models SLS and SLS-L are provided with a standard key as indicated in Table6.

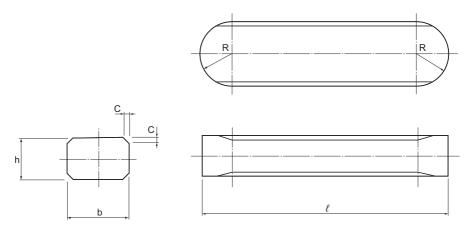


Table6 Standard Keys for Models SLS and SLS-L

Unit: mm

Nominal shaft		Width		Height		Length	R	С
diameter	b	Tolerance(p7)	h	Tolerance(h9)	l	Tolerance(h12)	K	
SLS 25 SLS 25L	5	+0.024 +0.012	5	0 -0.030	33	0	2.5	0.5
SLS 30 SLS 30L	7	+0.030	7		41	-0.250	3.5	0.5
SLS 40 SLS 40L	10	+0.015	8	0 -0.036	55	0 -0.300	5	0.8
SLS 50 SLS 50L	15	+0.036 +0.018	10	0 -0.043	60		7.5	
SLS 60 SLS 60L	18		12		68		9	1.2
SLS 70 SLS 70L	10		12					
SLS 80 SLS 80L	20	+0.043 +0.022	13		80	0 -0.350	14	1.2
SLS 100 SLS 100L	28		18		93	0 -0.400		